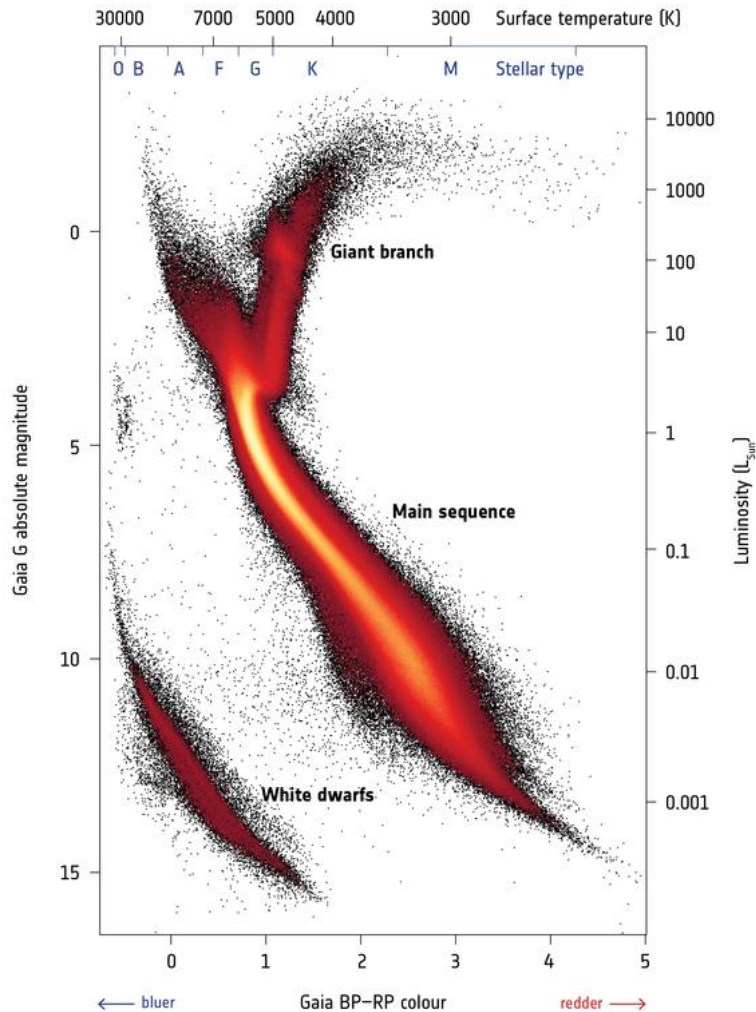
A dense tropical forest with palm trees in the foreground. The background is a vast expanse of green foliage covering a hillside. In the lower-left foreground, two tall palm trees stand prominently. The rest of the image is filled with a thick canopy of various green trees and plants.

The potential of UVEX to study hot subluminoous stars

Stephan Geier

Stellar Astrophysics, University of Potsdam

Hot subluminous stars



Situated between MS and WDs
in the HR-diagram

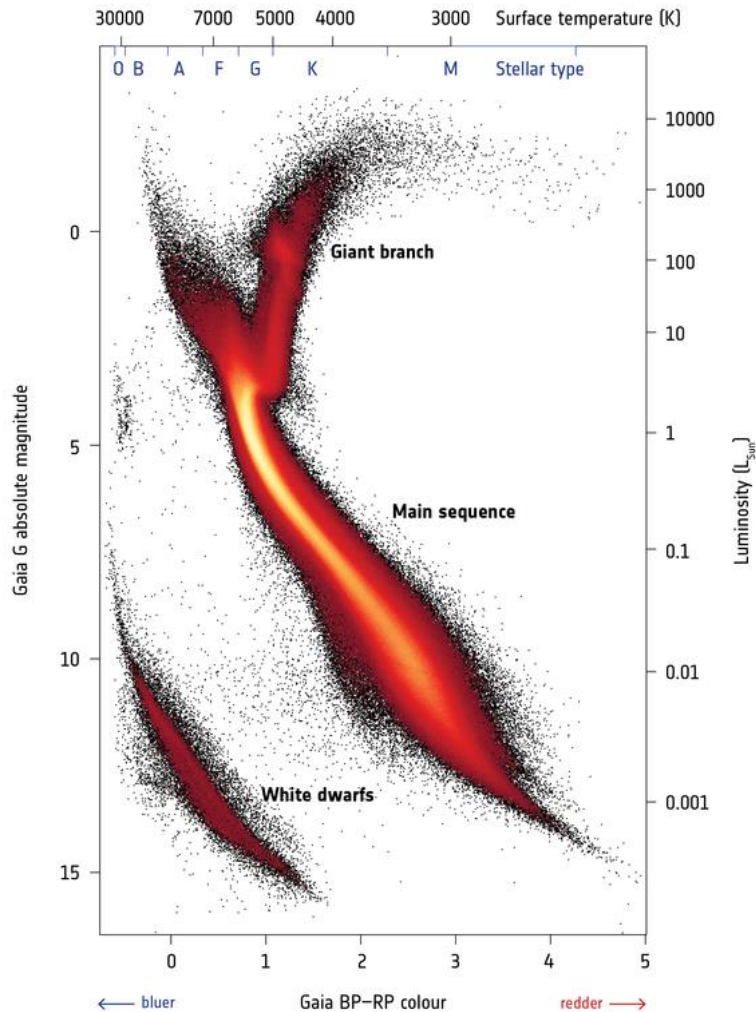
Spectral types (sd)O/B/A

$$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10000 - 100000 \text{ K}$$

$$L \sim 10 - 1000 M_{\odot}$$

Flux maximum in the UV

Hot subluminous stars



**97% of all stars ($\lesssim 8 M_{\odot}$)
pass through this region**

→ **Fast evolution (post-AGB)**

→ **Peculiar evolution**

→ **Binary interactions**

Hot subluminoous stars

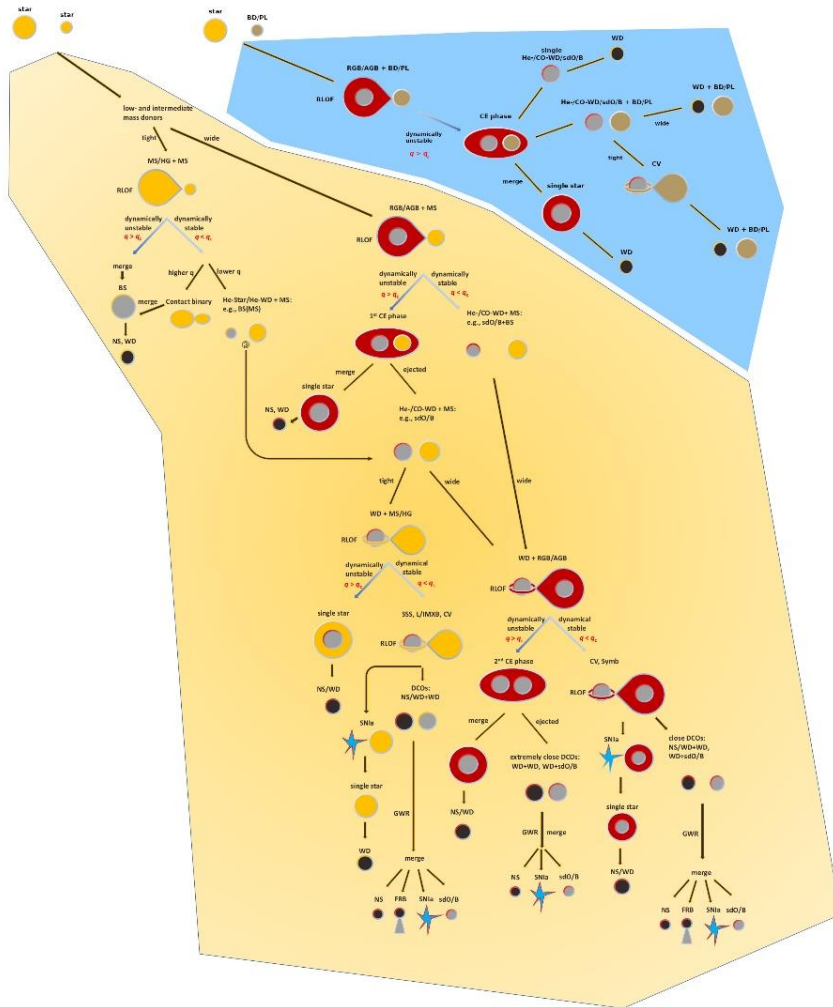
Unstable mass transfer



Stable mass transfer



Hot subluminous stars



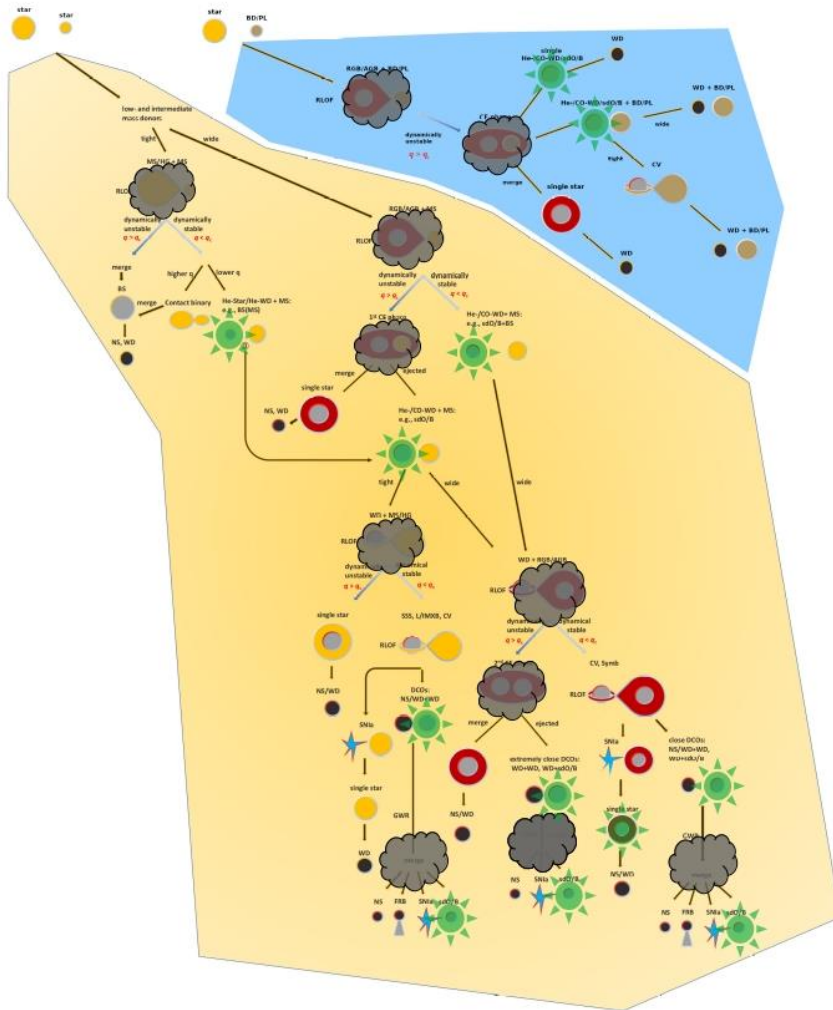
97% of all stars ($\lesssim 8 M_{\odot}$) pass through this region

→ Fast evolution (post-AGB)

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→ Binary interactions

Hot subluminous stars



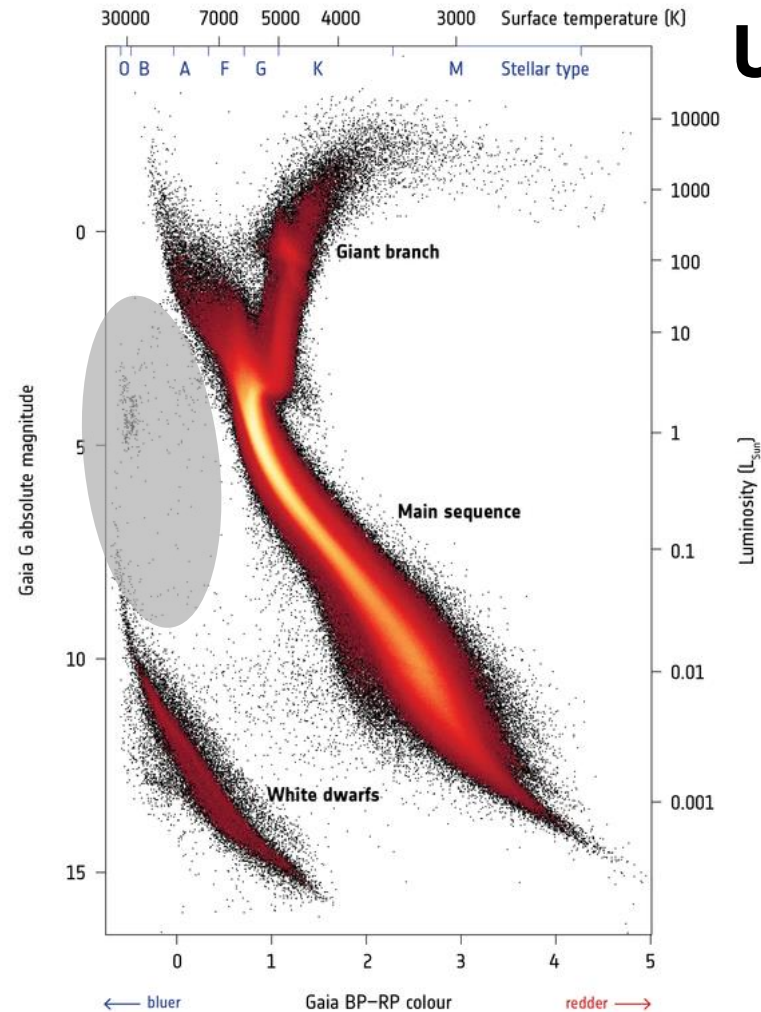
97% of all stars ($\lesssim 8 M_{\odot}$) pass through this region

→ Fast evolution (post-AGB)

→ Peculiar evolution

→ Binary interactions

Hot subluminoous stars



Uncharted territory

The origin of new species



19 new types of objects discovered in the last 20 years

(pre-)ELM (2003, 2004)

HVS sdO (2005)

sdB+BD (2011)

He-sdOBV (2011)

Heavy metal He-sdOB (2011)

ELMV (2012)

EL CVn (2013)

sdOV in GCs (2016)

BLAP (2017)

HVS WDs (2018)

Compact BLAP (2019)

Accreting sdOB+WD (2020)

Disk sdB (2021)

sdOBH (2022)

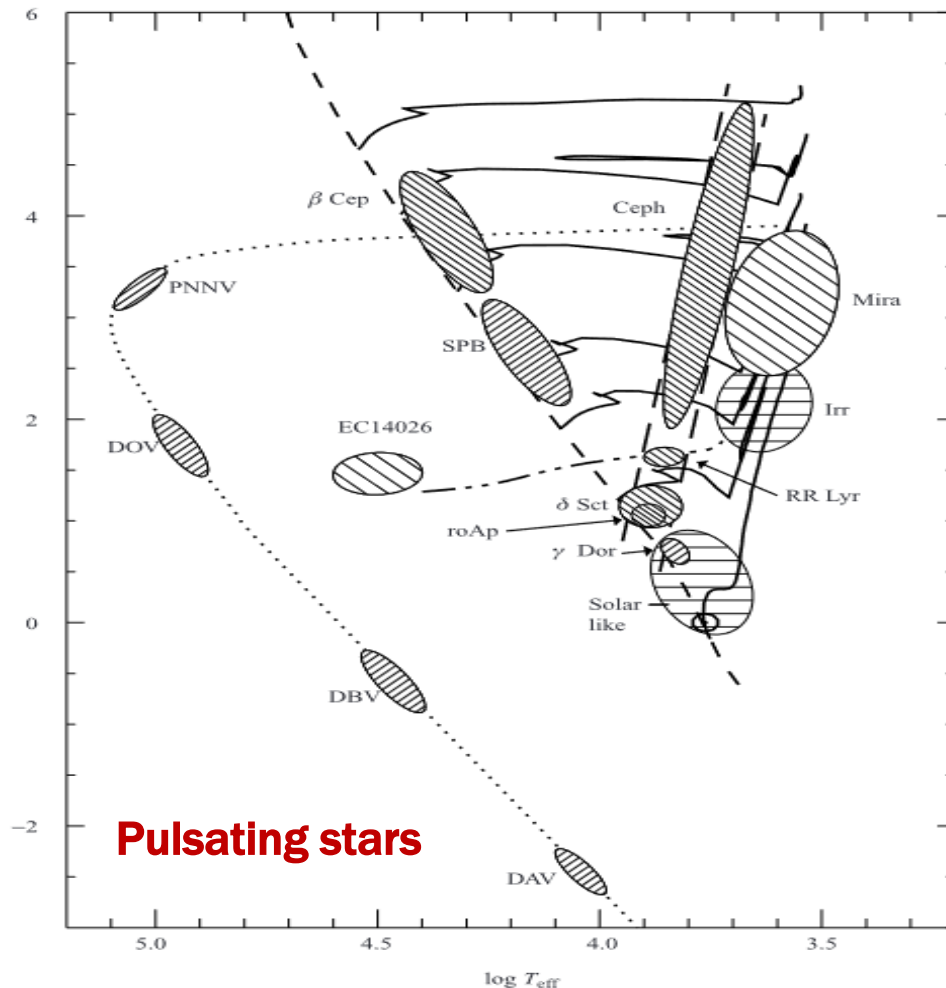
Co-sdO (2022)

He-sdO close binaries (in prep.)

sdB+WD astrometric binaries (in prep.)

Single intermediate mass He-sdO (in prep.)

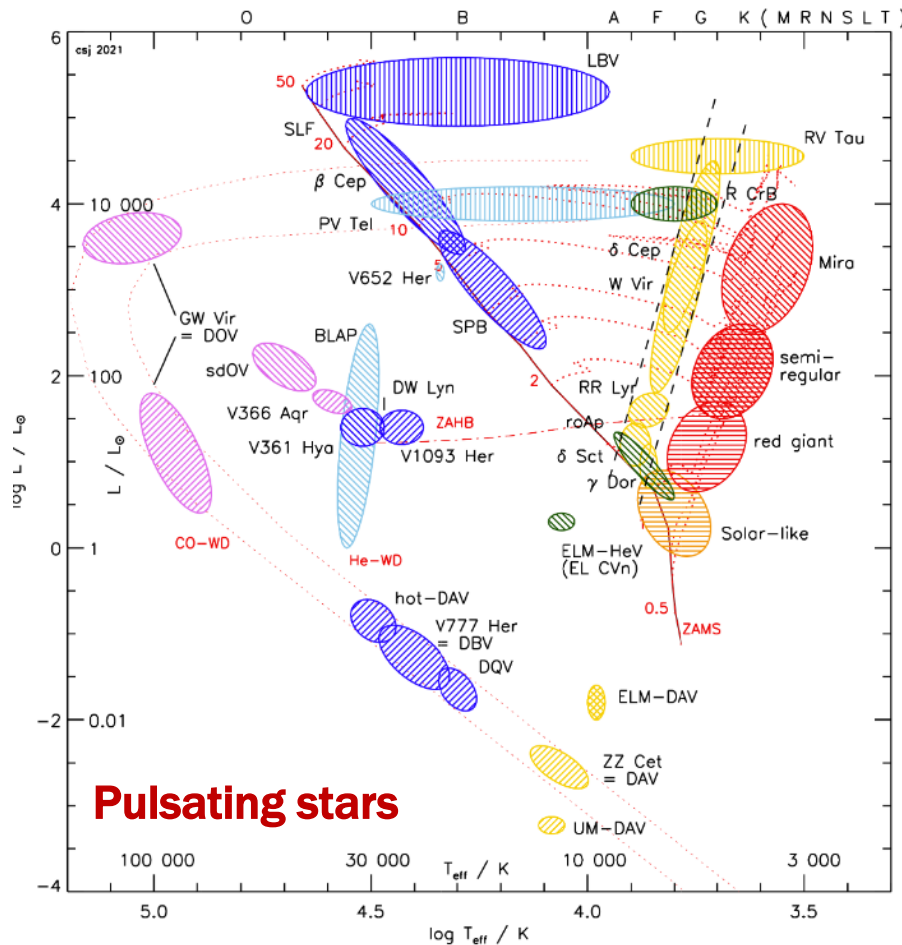
The origin of new species



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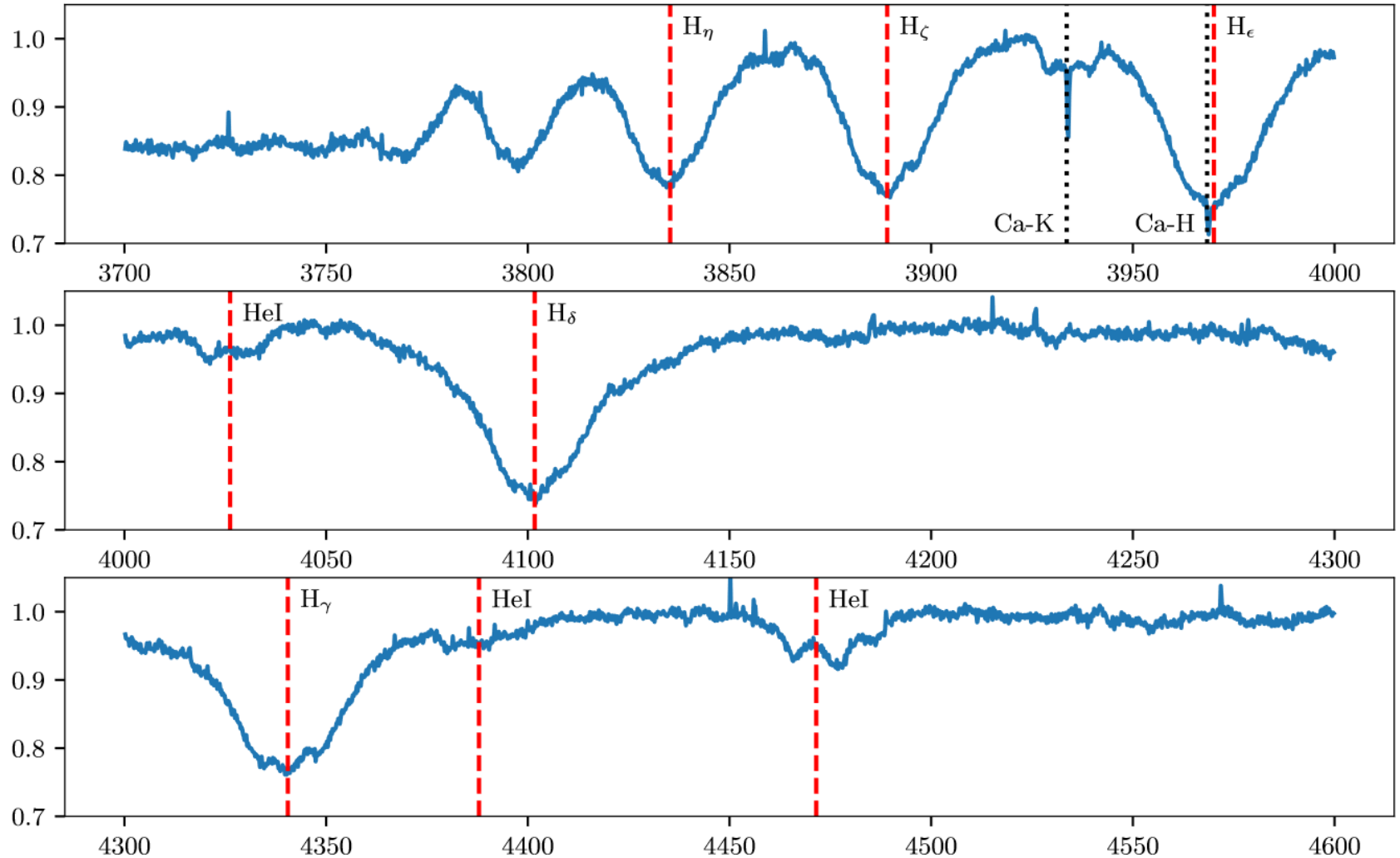
The origin of new species



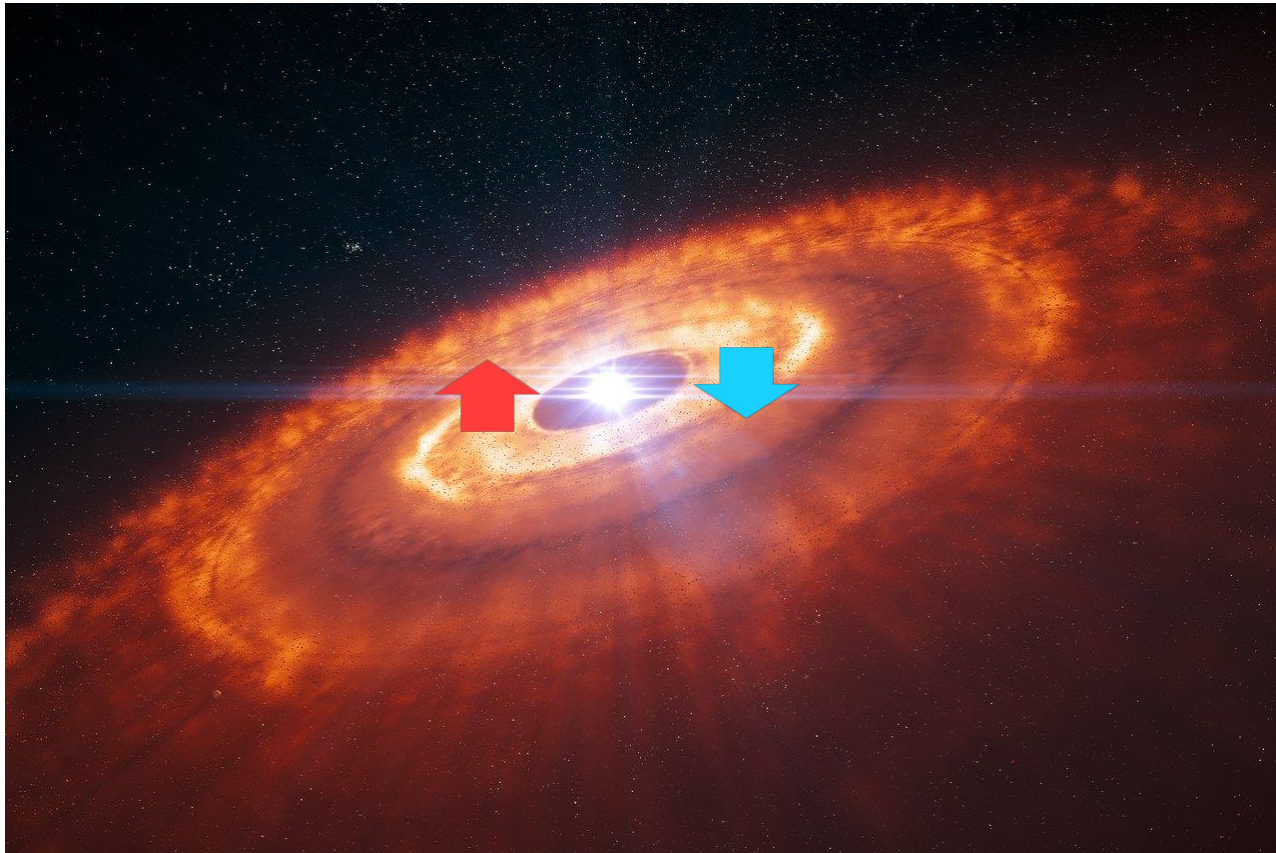
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Merger products?

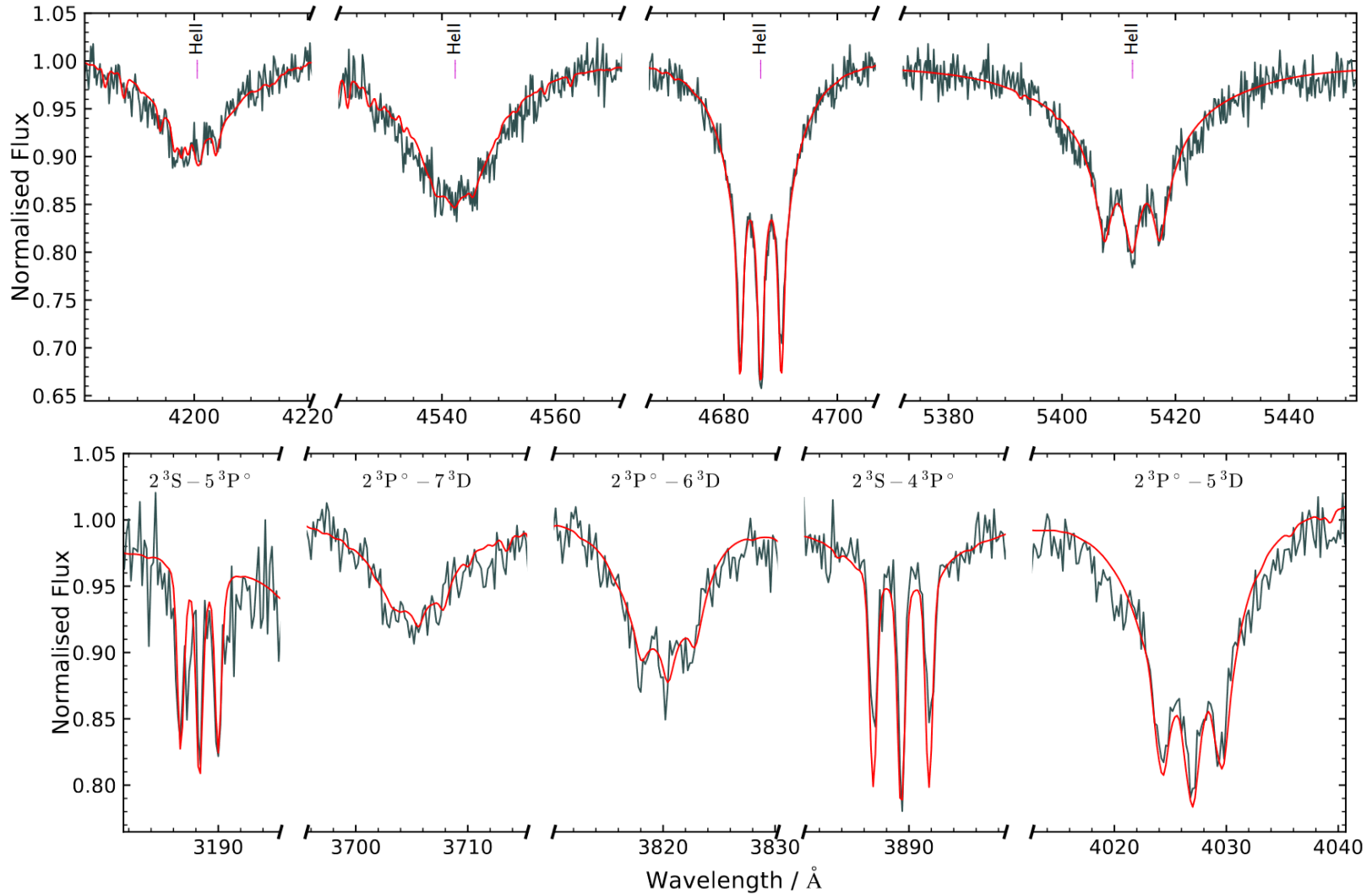


Merger products?

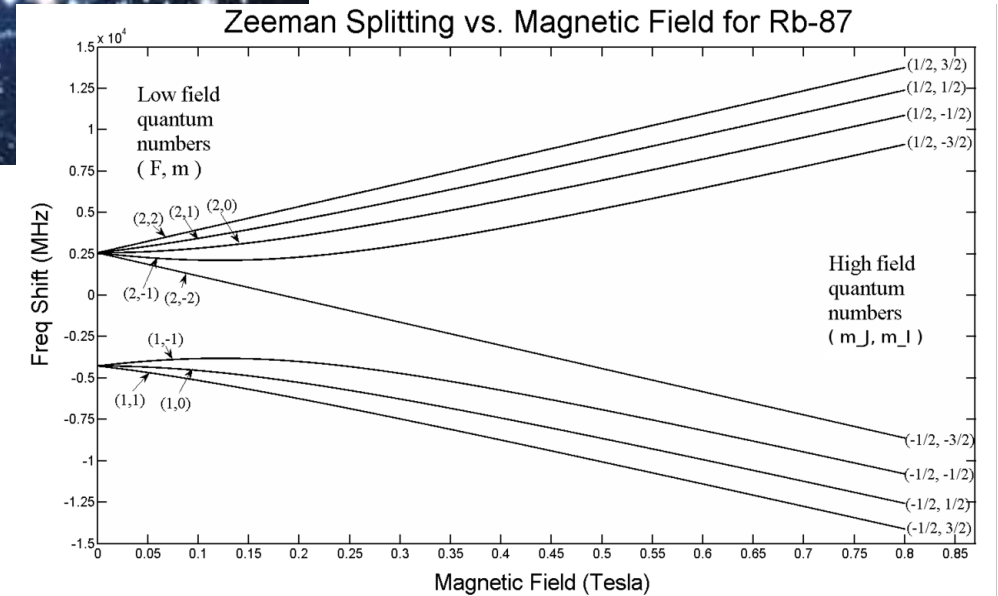


Disc from the merger process?

Merger products?



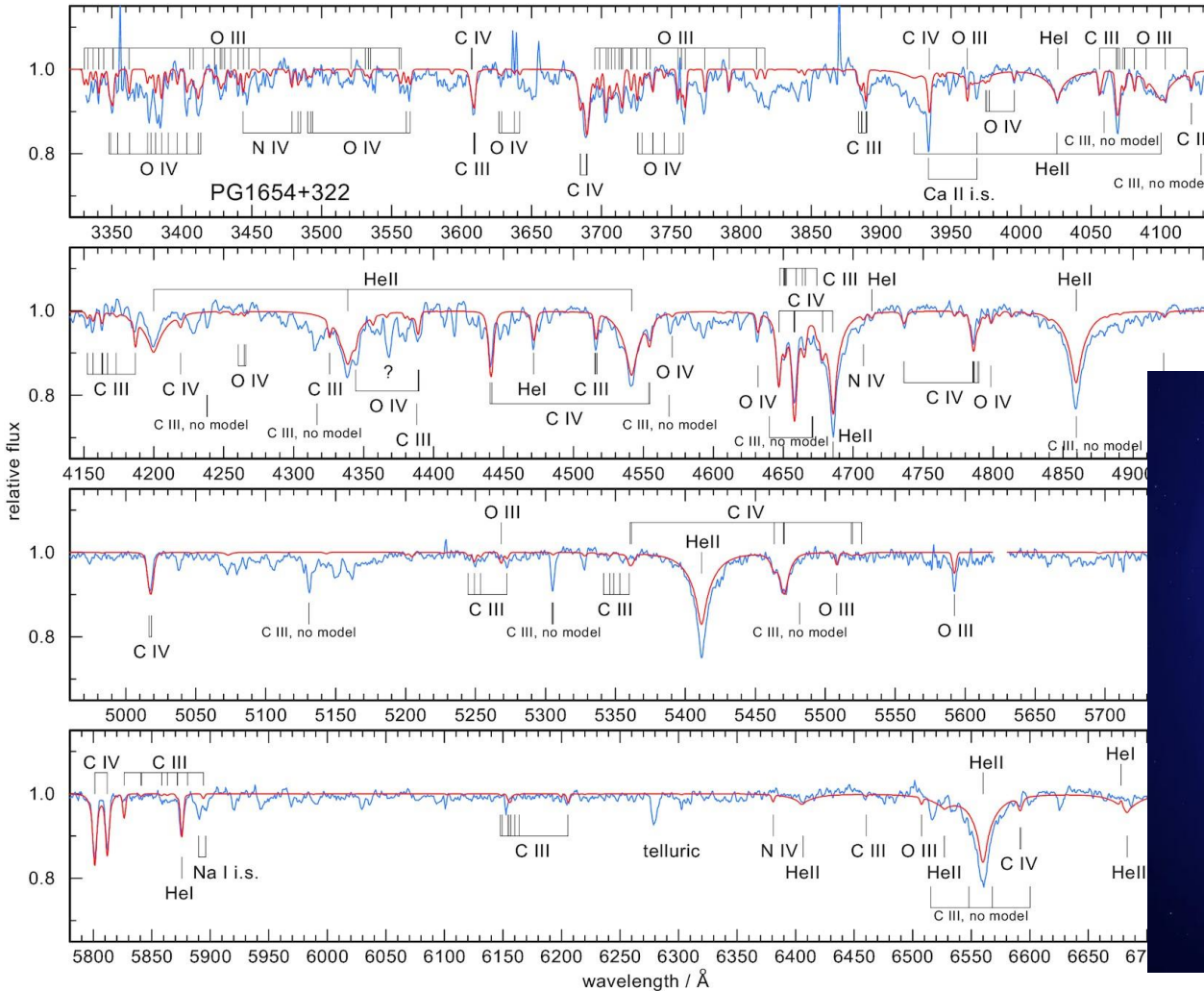
Merger products?



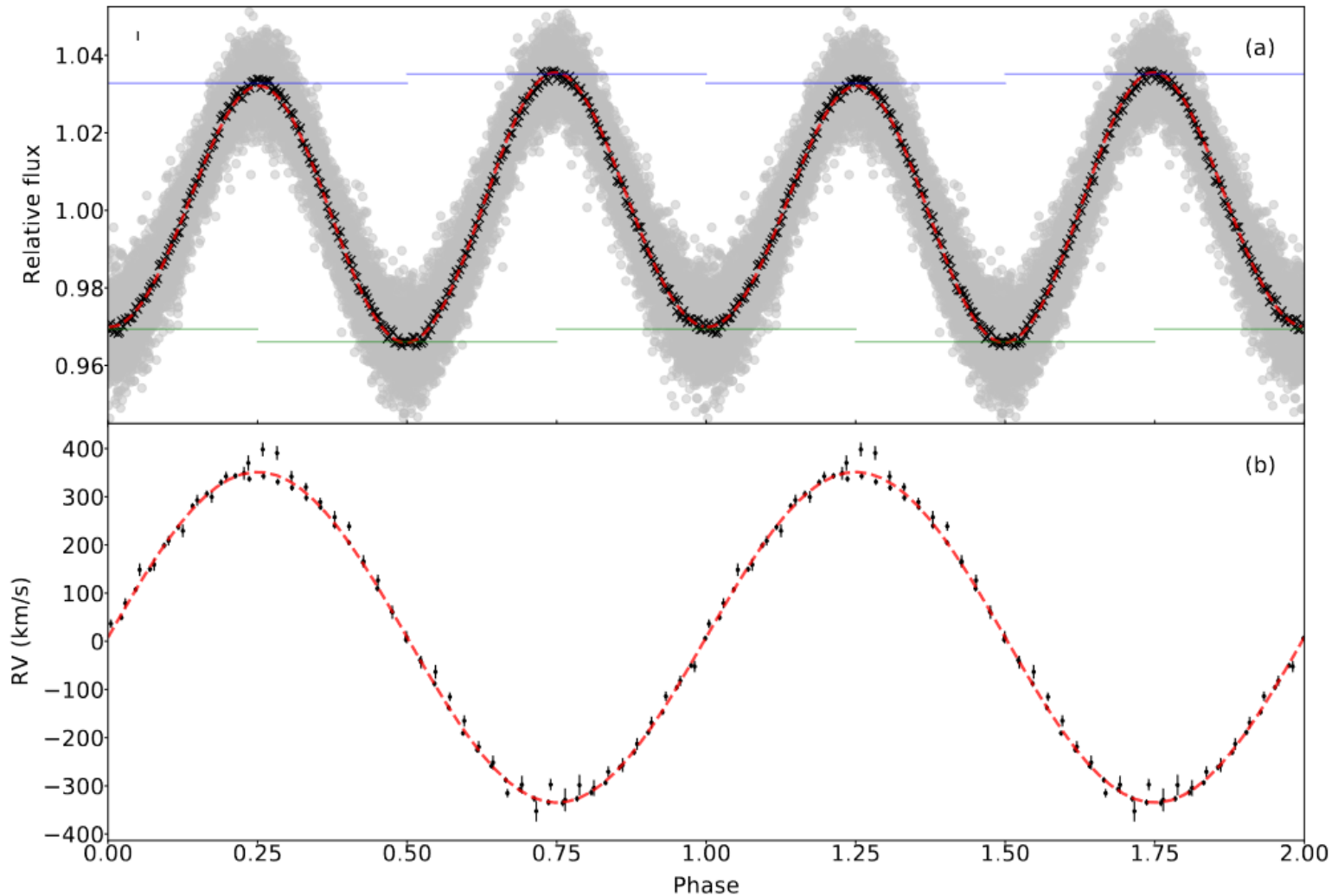
Magnetic fields

Merger products?

Ashes of merged companions



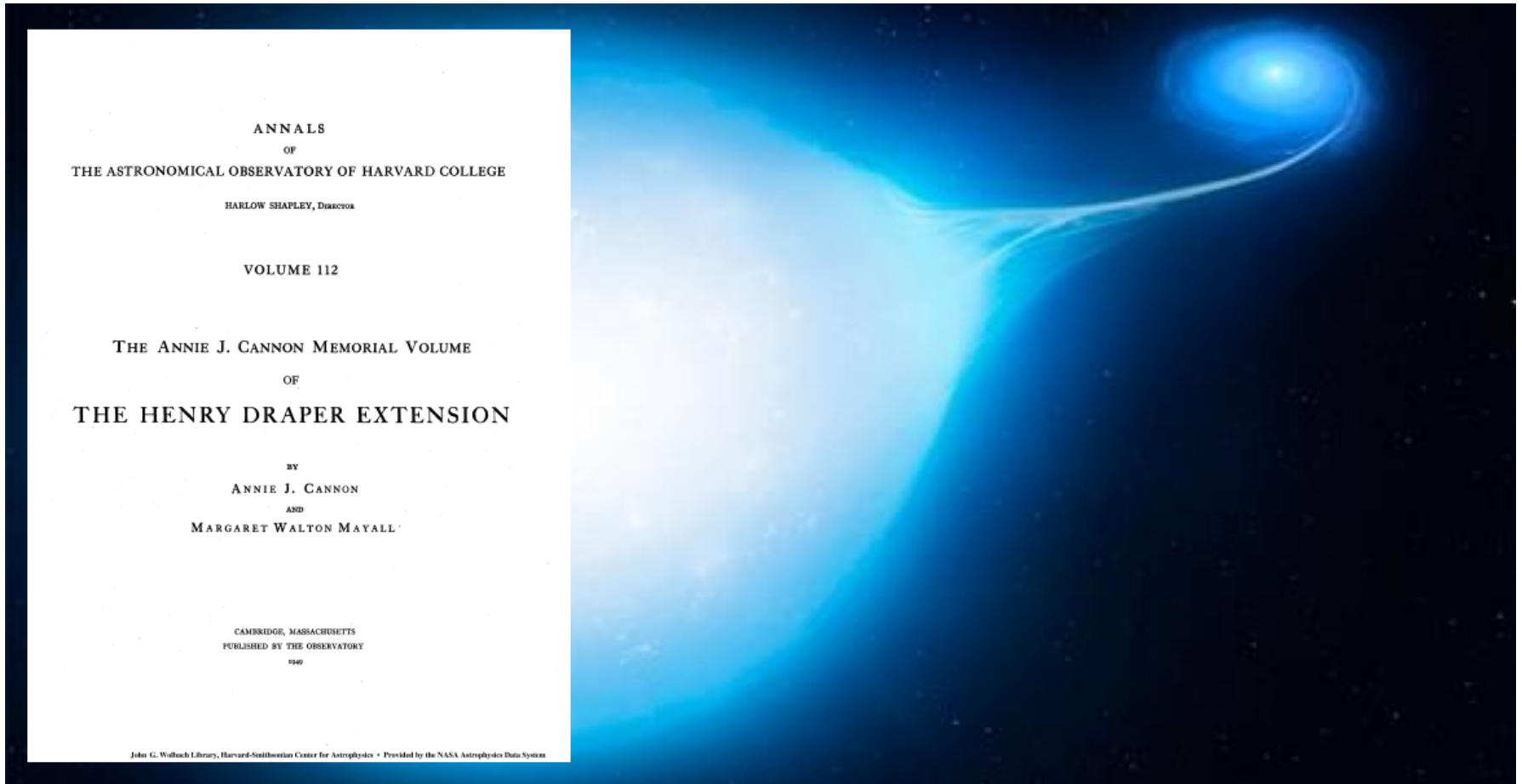
Supernova type Ia progenitors



Supernova type Ia progenitors



Supernova type Ia progenitors



New type of binary system



The first massive compact companion in a wide orbit around a hot subdwarf star

S. Geier¹, M. Dorsch^{1,3}, H. Dawson¹, I. Pelisoli², J. Munday², T. R. Marsh², V. Schaffenroth¹, and U. Heber³

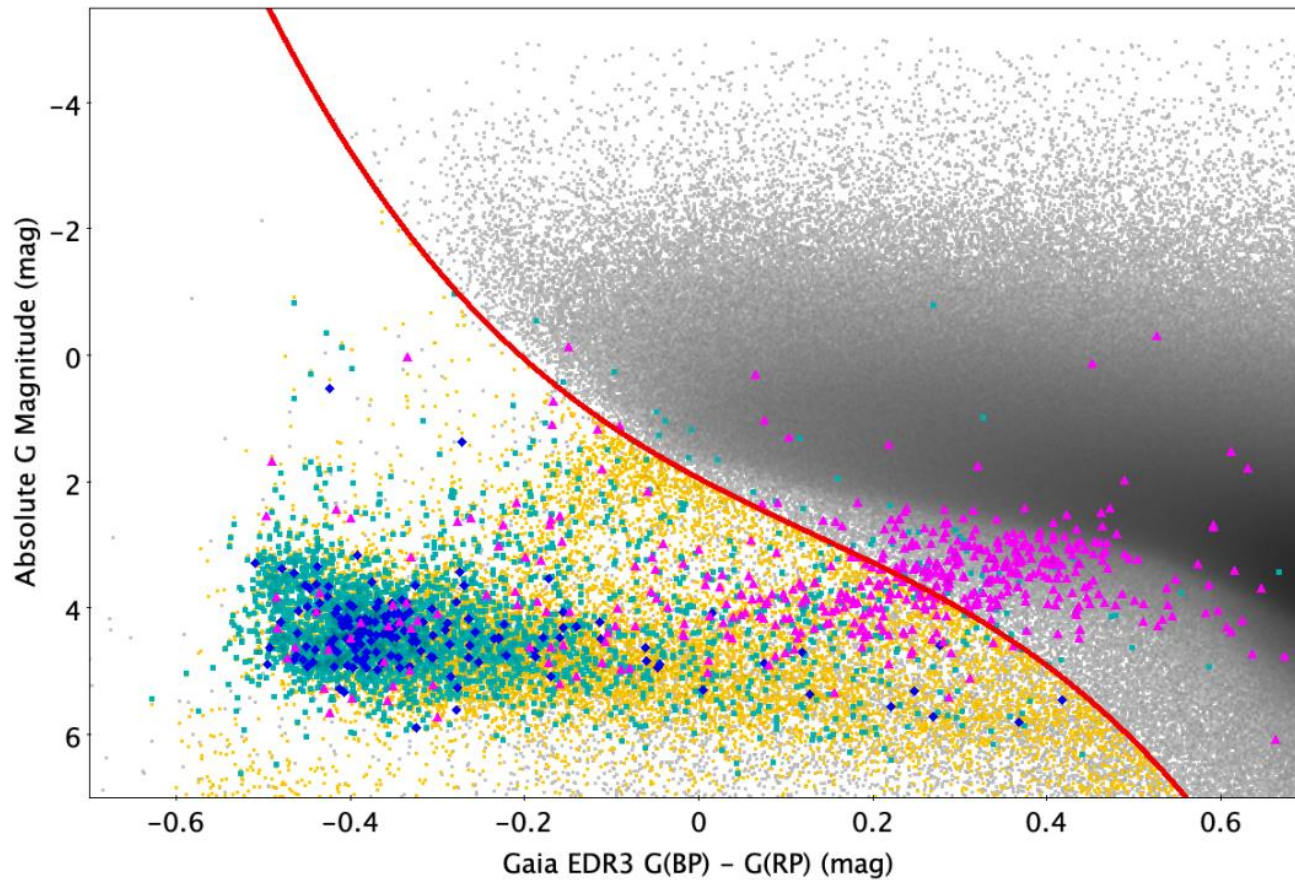
¹ Institut für Physik und Astronomie, Universität Potsdam, Haus 28, Karl-Liebknecht-Str. 24/25, D-14476 Potsdam-Golm, Germany

² Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry CV4 7AL, UK

³ Dr. Karl Remeis-Observatory & ECAP, Astronomical Institute, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg, Sternwartstr. 7, D 96049 Bamberg, Germany

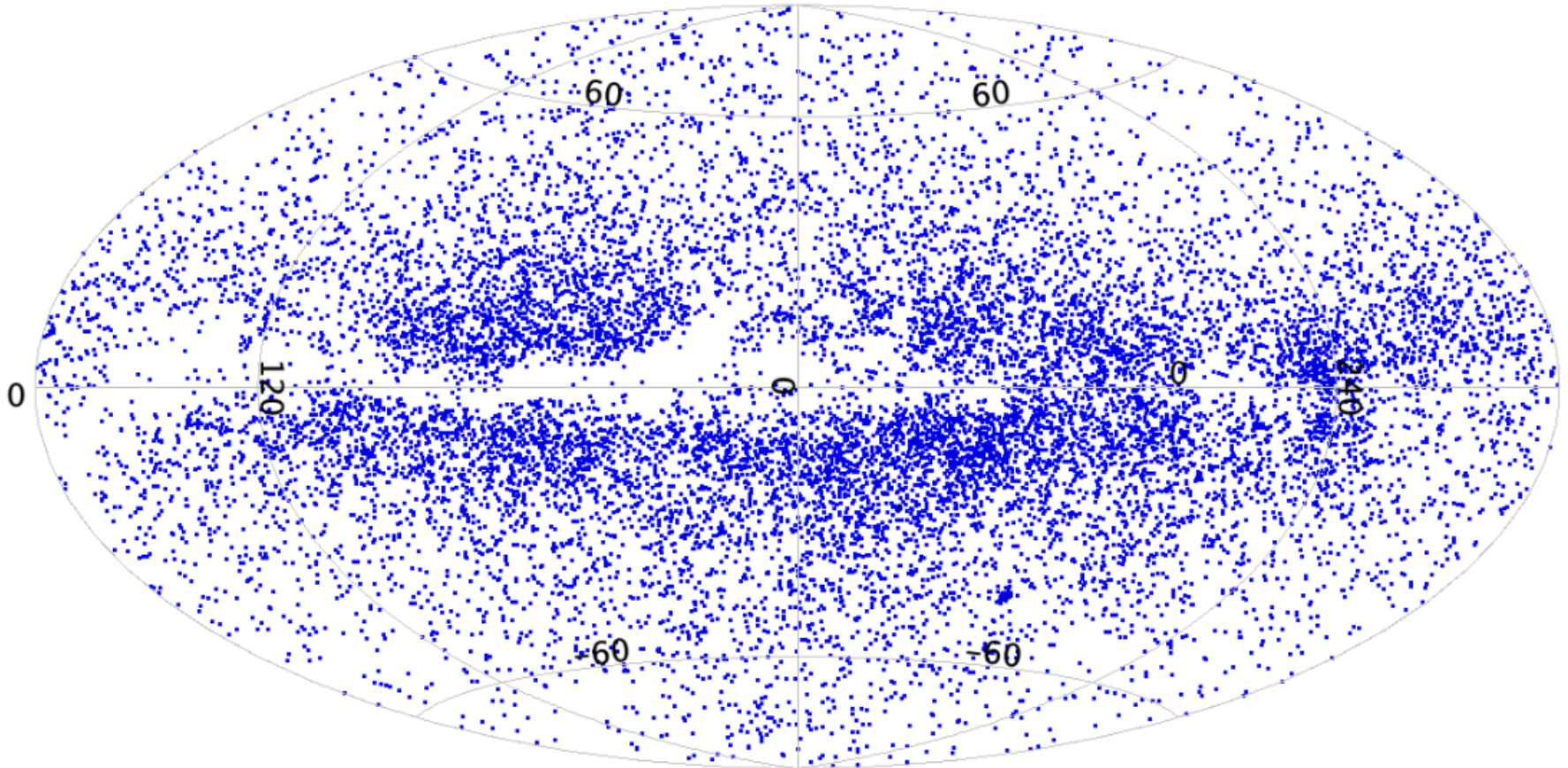
Received Accepted

UVEX and hot subluminous stars



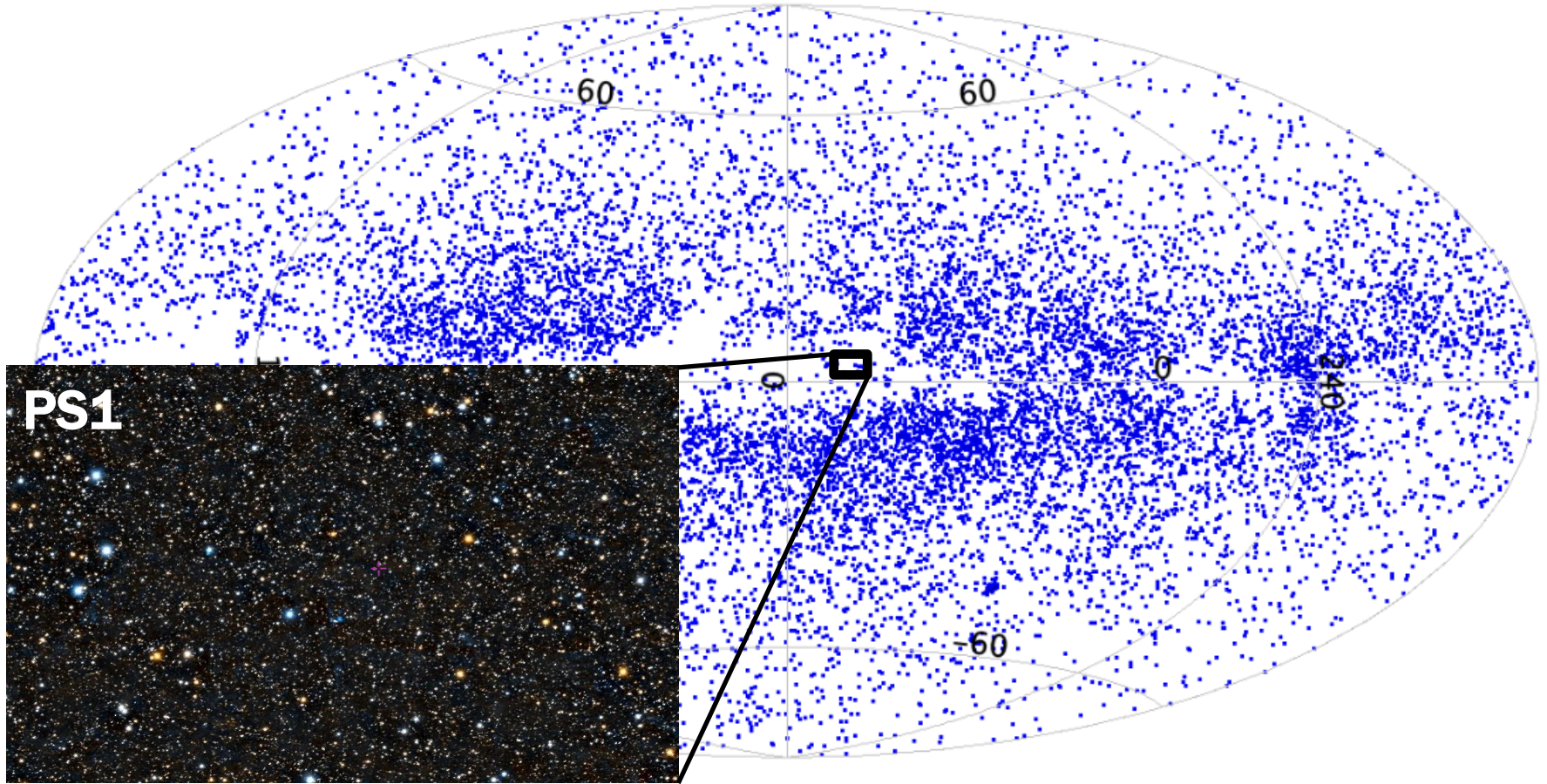
Target selection would benefit from UV-photometry

UVEX and hot subluminoous stars



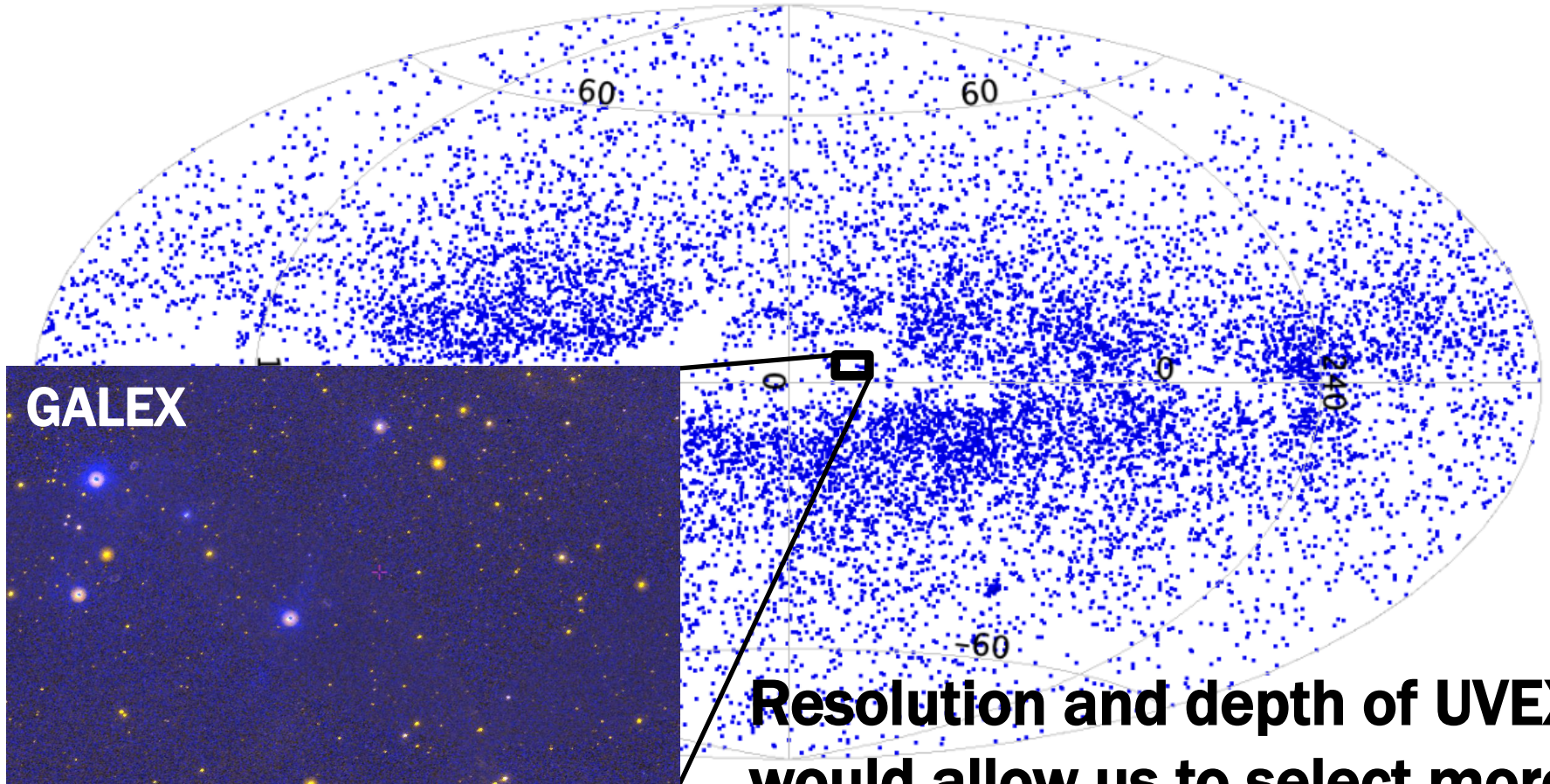
Gaia selection incomplete at low galactic latitudes

UVEX and hot subluminoous stars



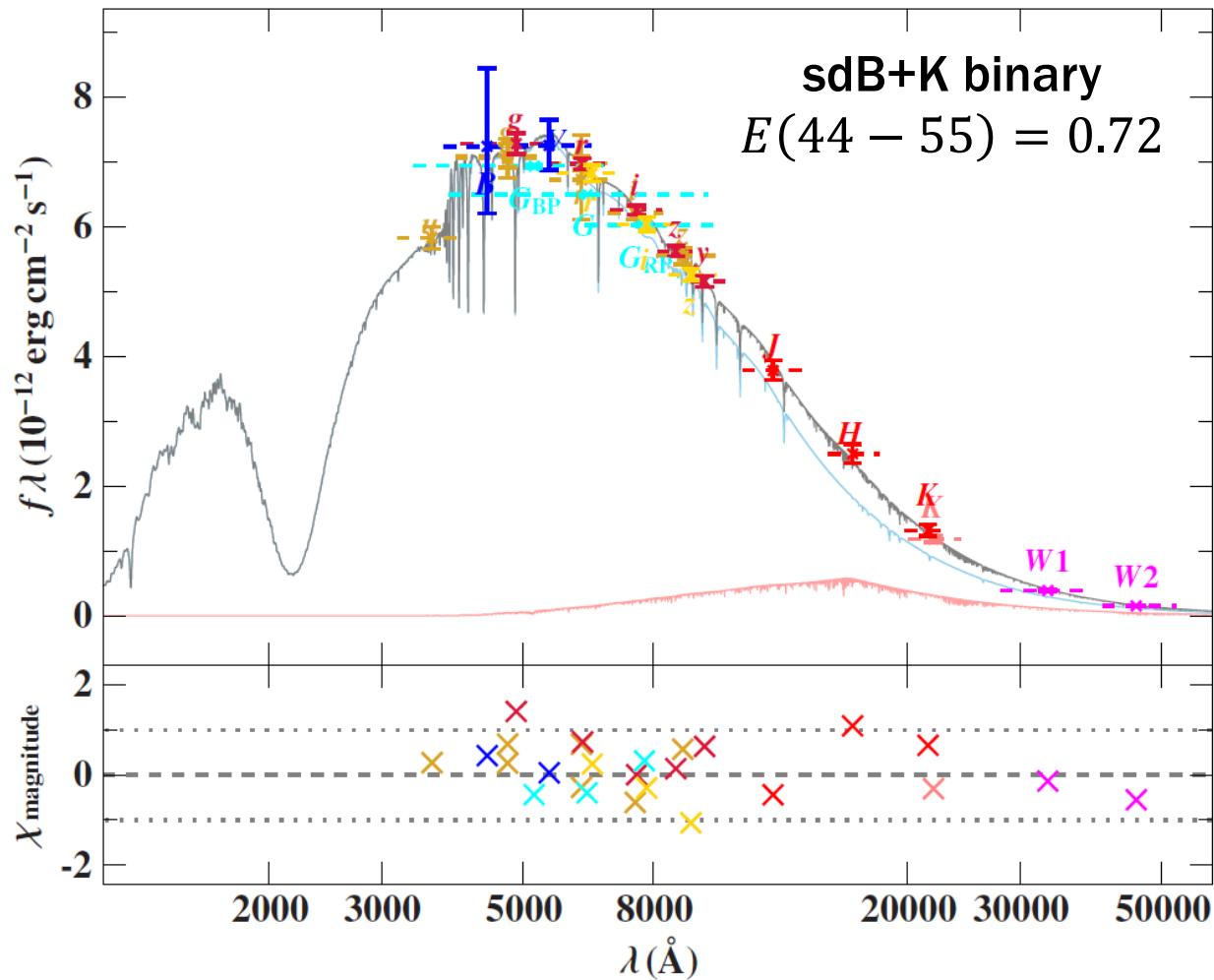
Crowding and reddening

UVEX and hot subluminous stars



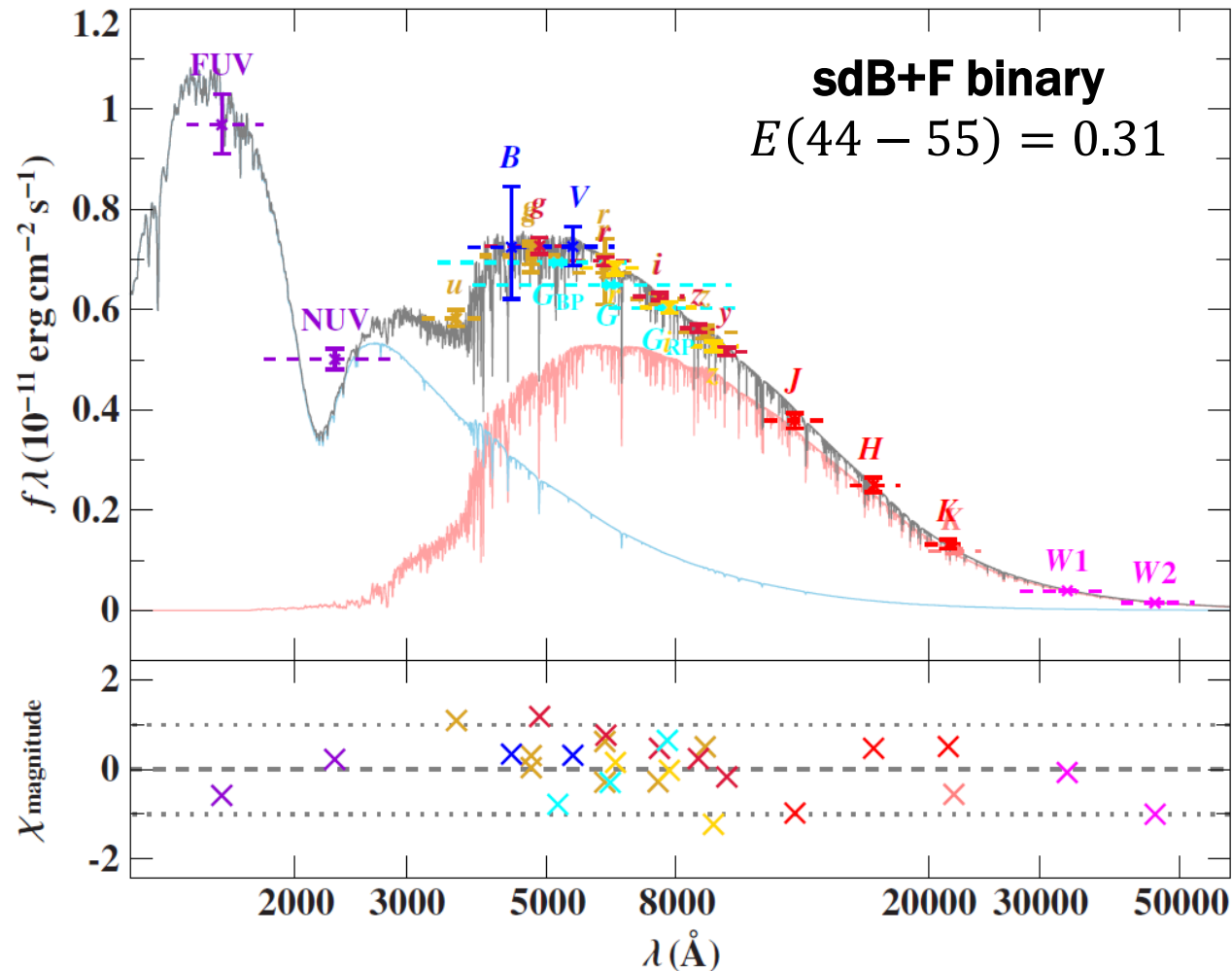
**Resolution and depth of UVEX
would allow us to select more
complete samples**

UVEX and hot subluminoous stars



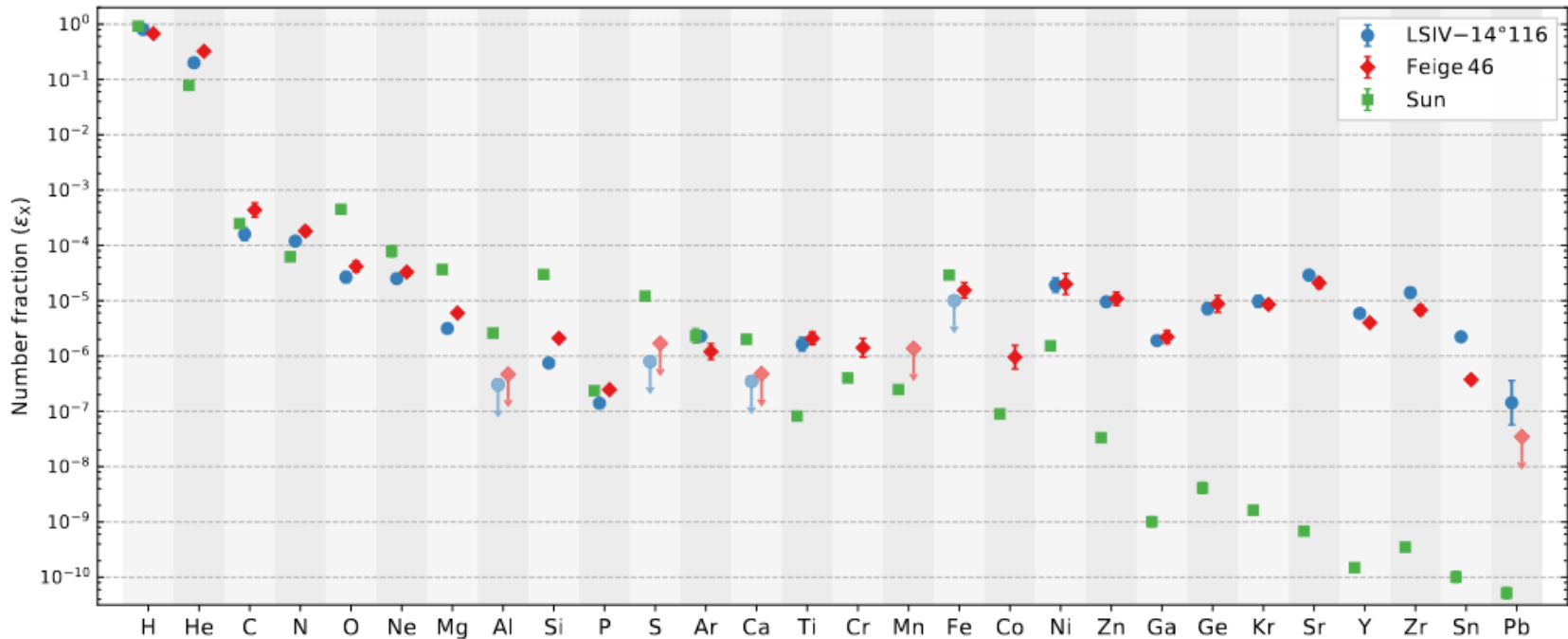
Spectral energy distributions of hot stars benefit extremely from UV photometry

UVEX and hot subluminal stars



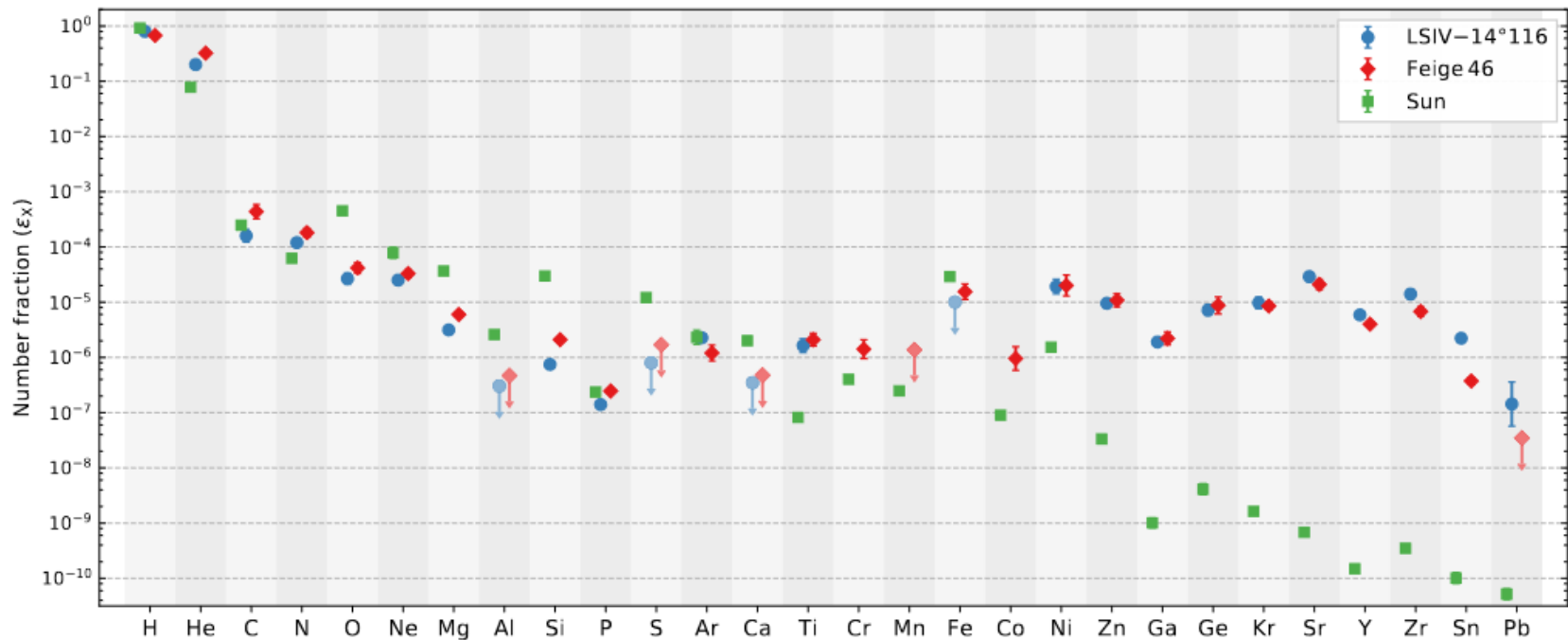
Spectral energy distributions of hot stars benefit extremely from UV photometry

UVEX and hot subluminous stars



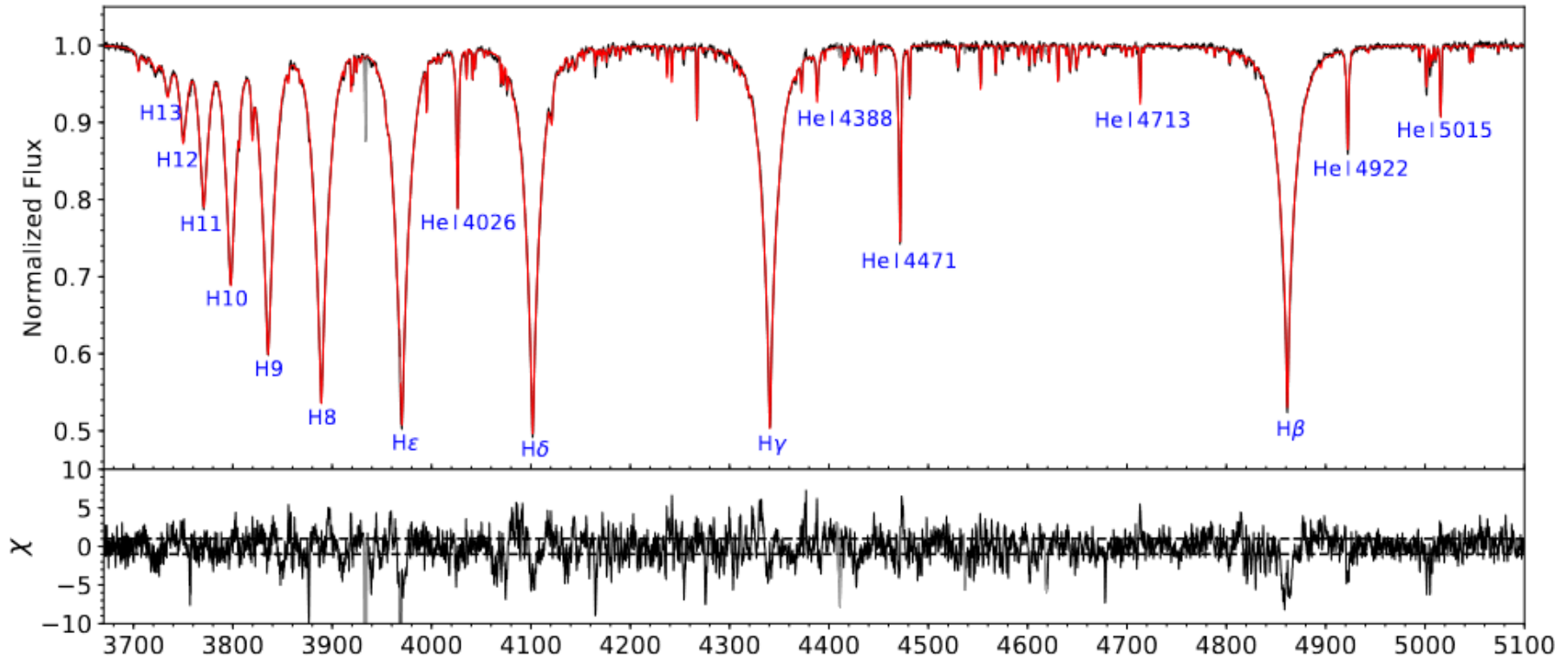
Hot subluminous stars often show peculiar abundance patterns (mixing of processed material, stripping, diffusion or pollution from mass transfer)

UVEX and hot subluminous stars



**Crucial tracers to understand
their formation and evolution**

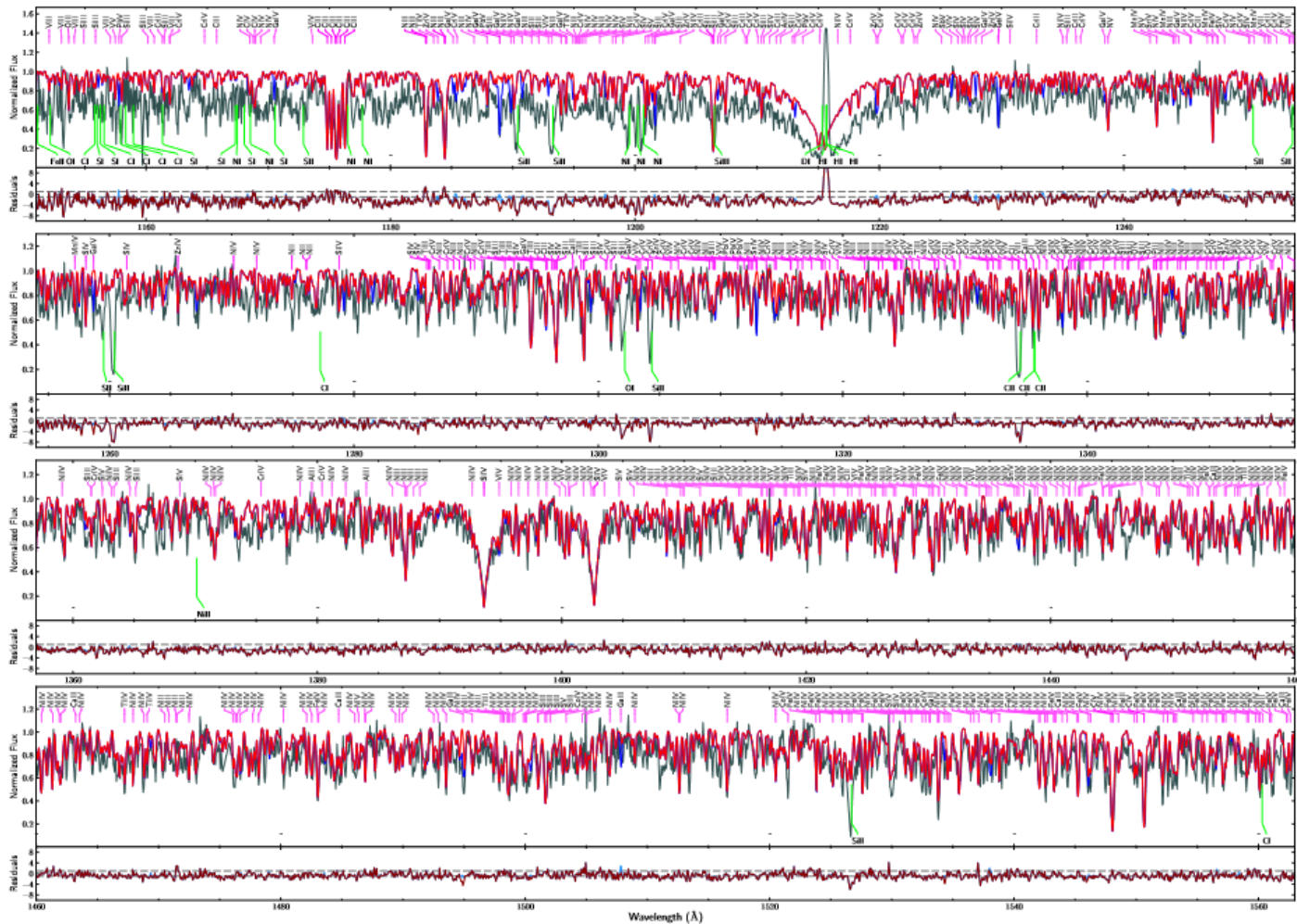
UVEX and hot subluminoous stars



Optical spectra often ill-suited to determine abundances and ionisation equilibria (temperatures) of heavy metals

UVEX and hot subluminous stars

UV spectra
are essential



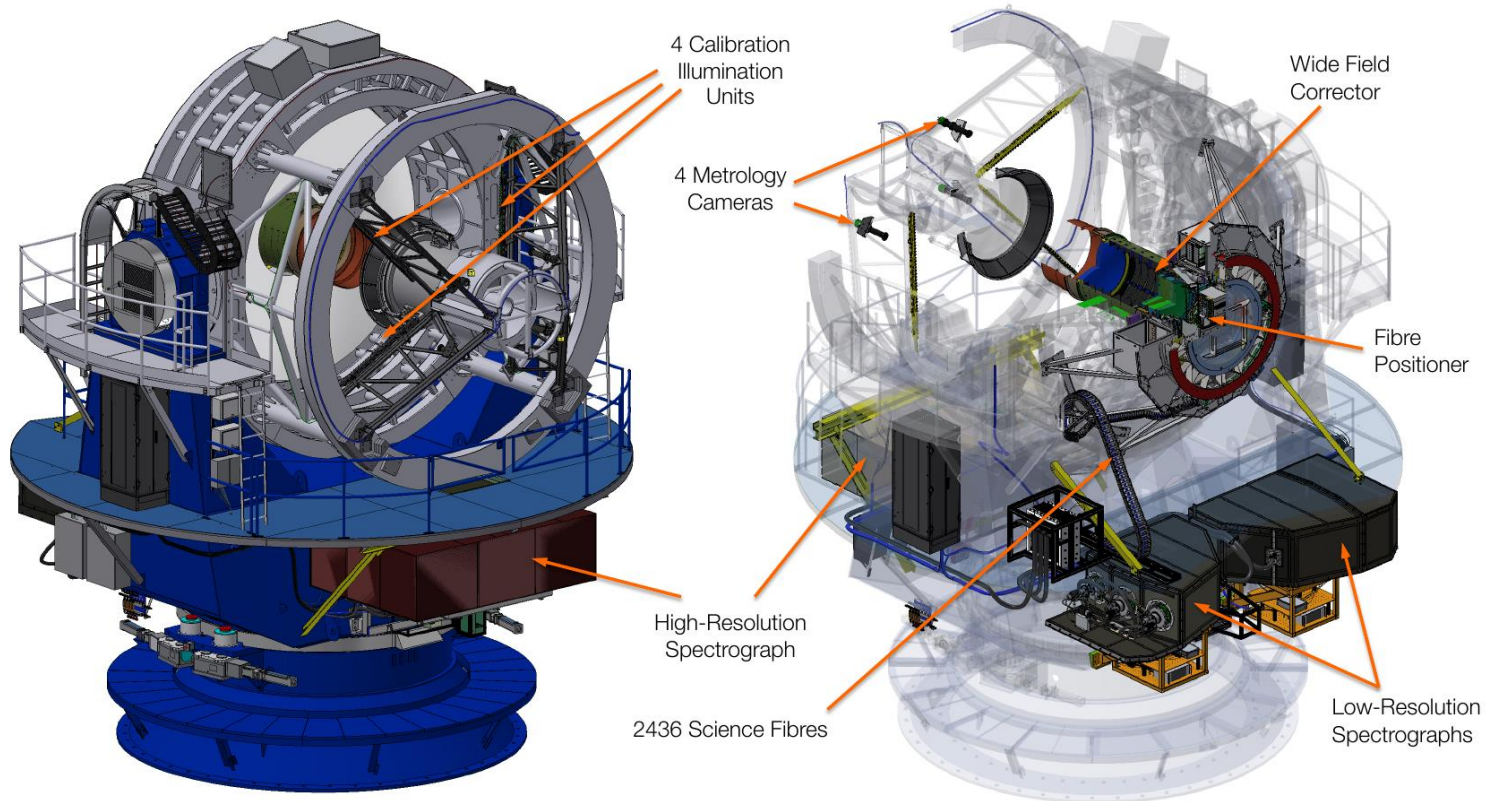
UVEX and hot subluminoous stars

UVEX spectra ($R \sim 1000$)

- “Metallicity” based on iron/nickel forest
- CIV emission features indicative of stellar winds
- Determination of reddening parameter (2175 Å bump)
- Well-calibrated extremely useful for SED analyses

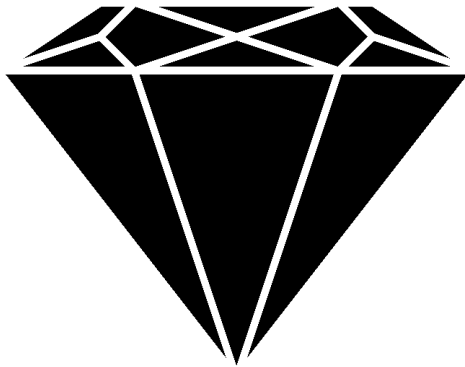
UVEX synergies

4
MOST



4MOST HSD sub-survey (2024-2029)

UVEX synergies



BlackGEM



BlackGEM (2023-2028)



THANK YOU!

<https://screenrant.com/avatar-frontiers-pandora-release-date-before-new-movie/> (9.3.23)